Active Monitoring: Businesses/Establishments

This document provides guidance on the screening of business/establishment workers for COVID-19 using active or passive monitoring. Direct active monitoring is preferred for the most reliable results. For more information contact us at covid19@lacrossecounty.org or call 608-785-6240.

Direct Active Monitoring (preferred)

All individuals present for in-person evaluation of symptoms and fever prior to each shift. If symptoms consistent of COVID-19 are reported or observed, individuals are sent home, not allowed to enter the business/establishment and are provided with immediate follow-up actions.

Requirements:

- All requirements of Passive Monitoring (see Passive Monitoring on Page 2)
- Dedicated staff to evaluate individuals before entry and monitor reports
- Designate an area to perform evaluations that will allow for physical distancing and includes hand hygiene stations (soap and running water or alcohol-based hand rub)
- No touch thermometers are ideal. Touch thermometers must be disinfected in between each use
- Have a plan to to ensure all individuals present at a specific designated place for evaluation
- Have a system to ensure all individuals, especially staff, have been evaluated

Remote Active Monitoring

All individuals report (e.g., by call or text) the absence or presence of symptoms consistent with COVID-19 remotely each day they would be present in the business/establishment. Staff that fail to report or who report symptoms are followed up by a designated staff member. Remote active monitoring is less reliable than direct active monitoring but is preferred over passive monitoring for high-risk workplaces, establishments, and populations.

Requirements:

- All requirements of Passive Monitoring (see Passive Monitoring on Page 2)
- Accountability system to ensure all workers report in remotely prior to their work shift

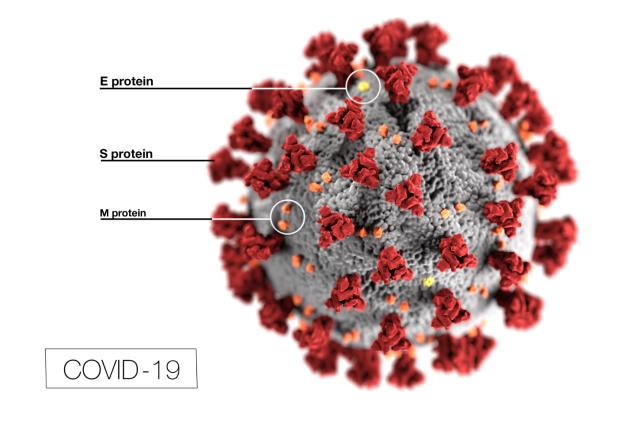
Considerations for Remote Active Monitoring

- Active monitoring can decrease the likelihood that workers selfmonitor signs and symptoms. Ideally, workers are checking their own temperature and symptoms and will not present to work if they have symptoms of COVID-19. Any action that weakens selfmonitoring should be implemented with caution.
- To decrease workload, and if accountability can be maintained, the following can be delegated:
 - responsibility for receiving symptom/temperature reports
 - monitoring staff compliance for the remote active strategy

Symptoms of COVID-19

- Fever or chills
- Cough
- Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing
- Fatigue
- Muscle or body aches
- Headache
- New loss of taste or smell
- Sore throat
- Congestion or runny nose
- Nausea or vomiting
- Diarrhea

This list does not include all possible symptoms. Continue to check the CDC website for an updated listing of symptoms.



SOURCE: CDC.GOV



Passive Monitoring Businesses/Establishments

Basic Passive Monitoring

All individuals self-assess for symptoms of COVID-19. If fever or symptoms are present, individual should:

- Remotely report this information to a manager/supervisor or as otherwise directed
- Not report to the business/establishment
- Seek immediate medical assessment and follow up actions with their medical provider

Requirements:

- List of symptoms; if temperatures will be taken by staff or clients themselves, the business/establishment needs a thermometer for self-assessment.
- Staff and a method for remote reporting of symptoms consistent with COVID-19 (e.g. a telephone line)
- Have a system in place to respond to questions (e.g. if someone reports that they have symptoms of COVID-19, how will the business/establishment respond?)

Consideration: Adherence is highly dependent on an individual person's motivation and accurate self-assessment of risk. Basic Passive Monitoring would only be appropriate for lower risk environments.

Enhanced Passive Monitoring

In addition to passive strategy, establish a plan to remind or prompt individuals to self-assess for symptoms consistent with COVID-19. Common reminders include automated text messages or phone calls, or at a basic level, signs outside the building where pertinent.

Requirements:

- All requirements of passive strategy
- Automated (e.g., mass texting service) or manual system (e.g., direct messaging, phone calls, signs) to prompt individuals for self-assessment
- Database of contacts or way to identify who should be contacted

Consideration: Enhanced Passive Monitoring helps to establish a system or identification of individuals at increased likelihood of infection with minimal resource requirements.

Coulee COVID-19 Compass

COVID-19 is unlike any public health emergency the world has faced before. There are important interests that often compete but must be balanced: both widespread economic shutdowns as well as large-scale disease outbreaks must be prevented. On our lacrossecounty.org/covid19 website you can find our current status and the guidelines and recommendations for business/establishments that go with it. This information is a general reference. If your business/establishment needs specific guidance, reach out to us at covid19@lacrossecounty.org or call us at 608-785-6240.

